

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

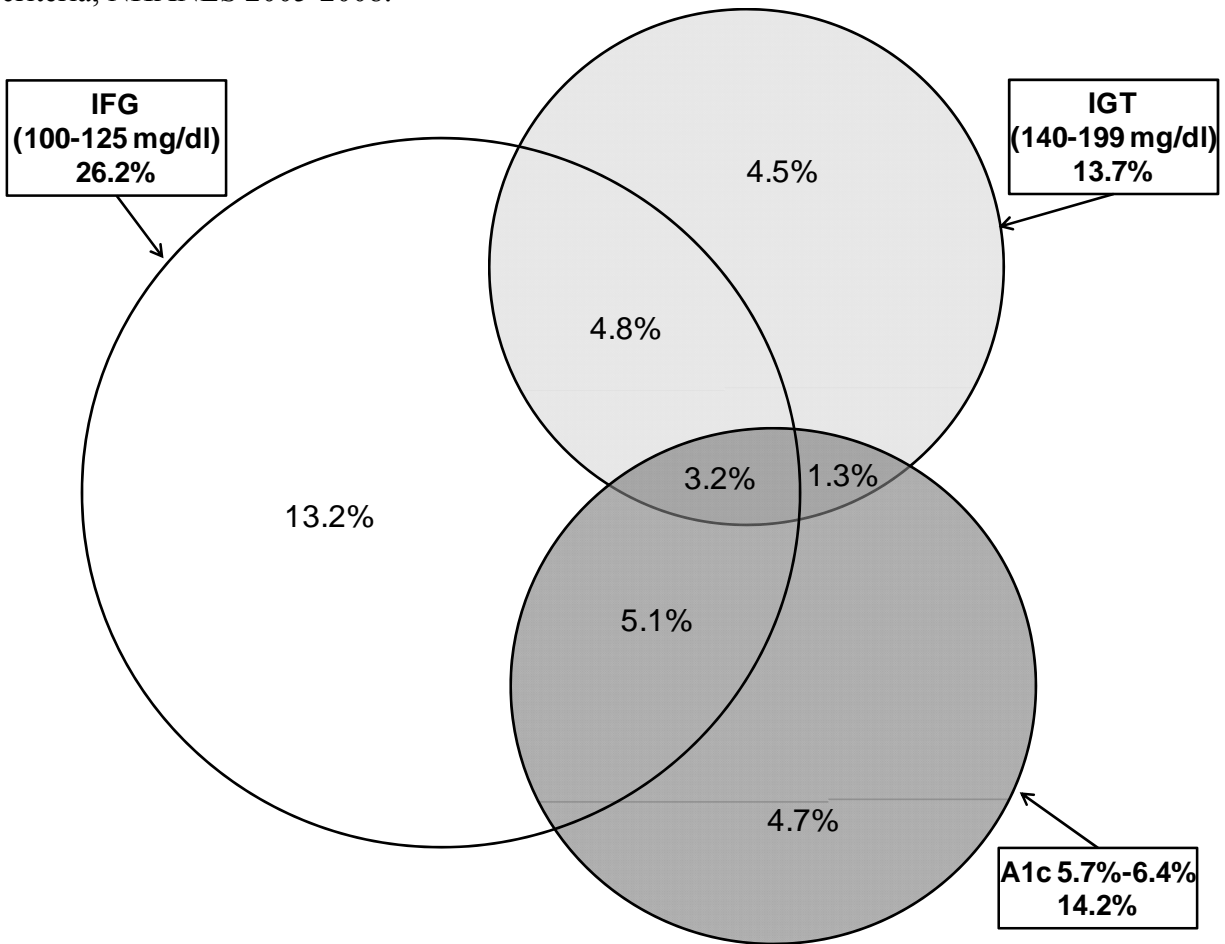
Table 1. Crude and age-adjusted prevalence of pre-diabetes in adults aged ≥ 18 years, by pre-diabetes indicator, NHANES 2005-2008.

	IFG or IGT	IFG or IGT		IFG or IGT	IFG or IGT
	100-125 or 140-199	110-125 or 140-199		100-125 or 140-199	110-125 or 140-199
	(n=1329)	(n=756)		(n=1329)	(n=756)
	% (SE)	% (SE)		% (SE)	% (SE)
<i>Crude</i>			<i>Age- adjusted*</i>		
Total	32.0 (1.1)	17.4 (0.9)	Total	31.3 (1.0)	17.1 (0.8)
18-44	23.6 (1.2)	11.3 (1.0)			
45-64	39.2 (2.4)	20.2 (1.6)			
65+	41.3 (1.6)	29.7 (1.9)			
Male	37.1 (1.6)	17.7 (1.1)	Male	36.5 (1.4)	17.6 (1.0)
Female	27.1 (1.2)	17.1 (1.1)	Female	26.4 (1.2)	16.7 (1.1)
NH White	32.9 (1.5)	18.3 (1.1)	NH White	31.2 (1.3)	17.2 (1.0)
NH Black	21.7 (1.2)	9.7 (1.0)	NH Black	21.4 (1.1)	9.8 (1.0)
MexAmer	35.1 (2.5)	19.5 (1.7)	MexAmer	34.9 (2.4)	20.5 (1.5)

Estimates are based on the morning ogtt subsample. Diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes estimates not shown. Includes racial/ethnic groups not shown separately. IFG, impaired fasting glucose; IGT, impaired glucose tolerance; n, number; NH, non-Hispanic; SE, standard error. *Standardized to the 2000 U.S. Census population by age using three age groups (18-44, 45-64, ≥ 65)

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Supplementary Figure 1. Classification of pre-diabetes in US adults aged ≥ 18 years by IFG, IGT, and A1c criteria, NHANES 2005-2008.



A1c, hemoglobin A1c; IFG, impaired fasting glucose; IGT, impaired glucose tolerance Figure not drawn to scale.

Percents may not add due to rounding.